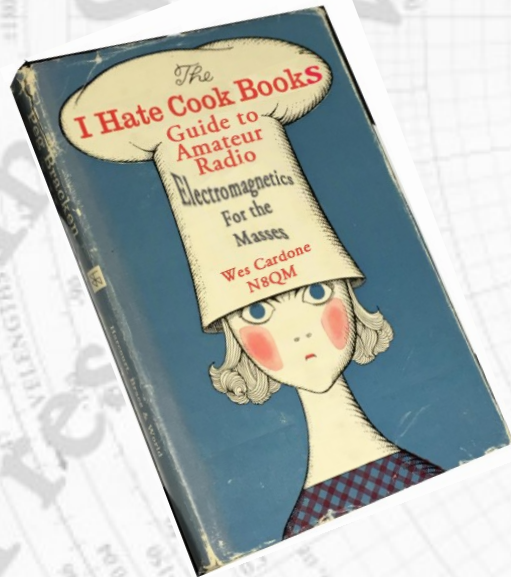


Smith Charts and More

[Sponsored by the Chelsea Amateur Radio Club \(WD8IEL\).](#)

Wesley Cardone, N8QM (n8qm@arrl.net)

January 31, 2023

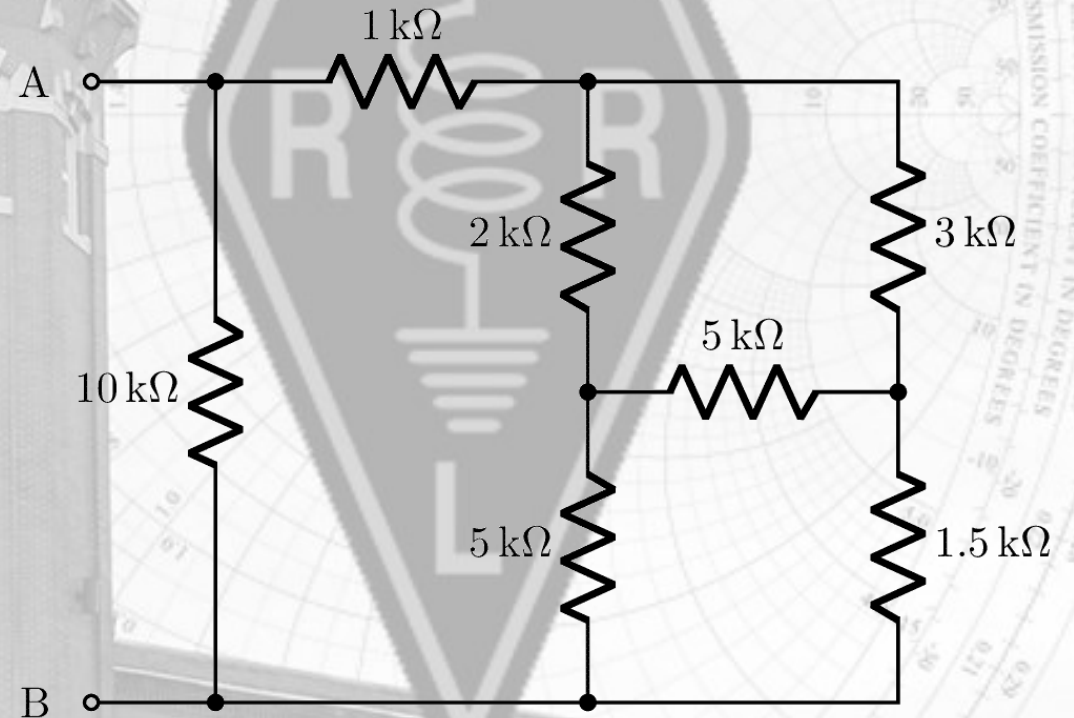


Strategic Overall Class Objectives

- Prepare for the FCC upgrade license exams efficiently.
- Have fun learning what you thought was a stumbling block.
- Use SimSmith—A Practical Example
- Center lessons on explicit FCC pool questions.

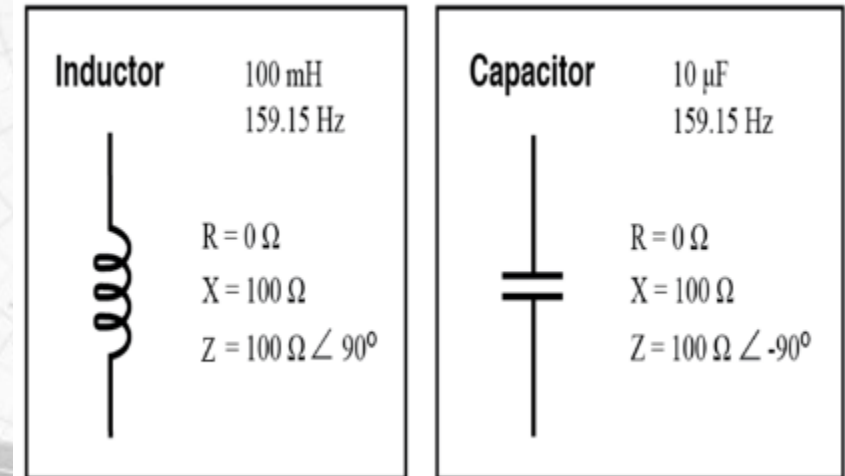
What Are Vector Impedances

- A vector impedance is looking at two components as a single entity.
 - Resistive
 - This is your everyday resistor
 - Dissipates energy as heat
 - Has a Power rating--Watts



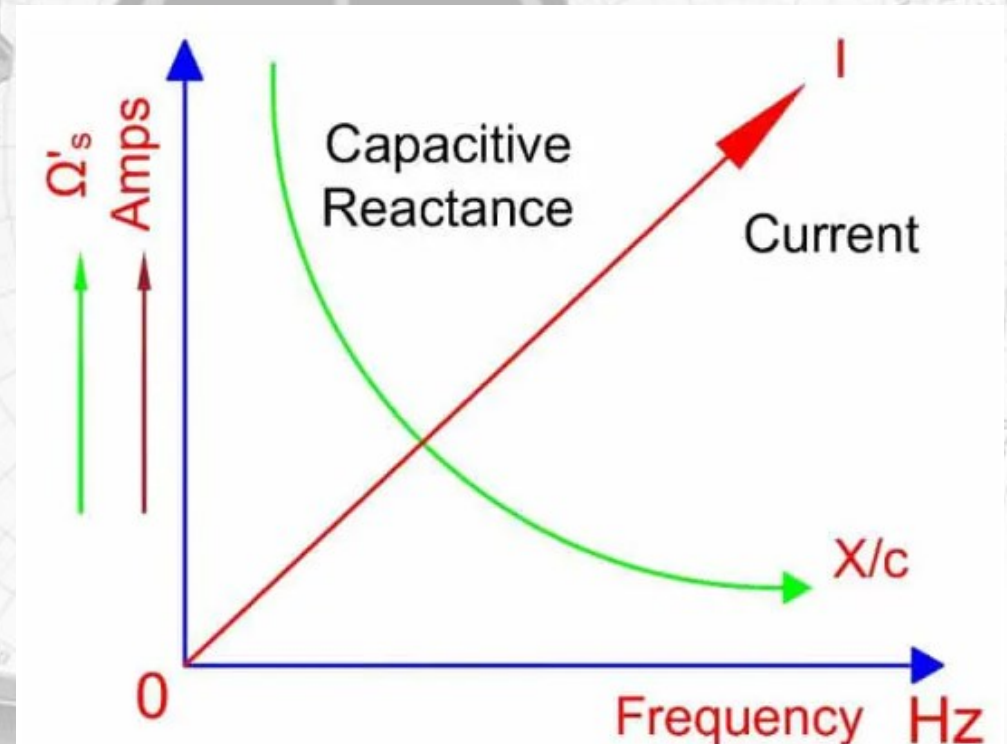
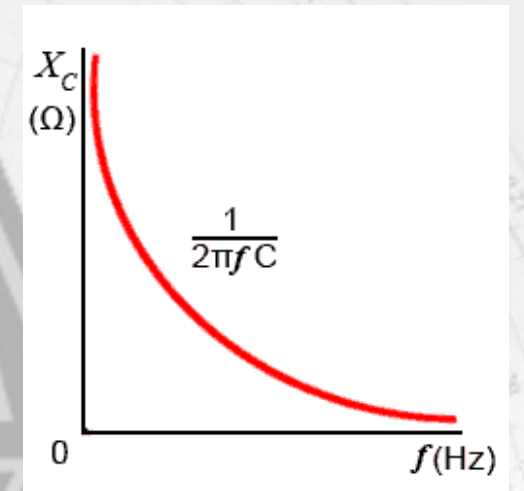
What Are Vector Impedances

- A vector impedance is looking at two components as a single entity.
 - Resistive
 - This is your everyday resistor
 - Dissipates energy as heat
 - Reactive
 - Stores energy
 - Therefore...has no power rating except parasitic.
 - Does not dissipate or consume energy
 - Has two forms
 - Capacitive
 - Inductive



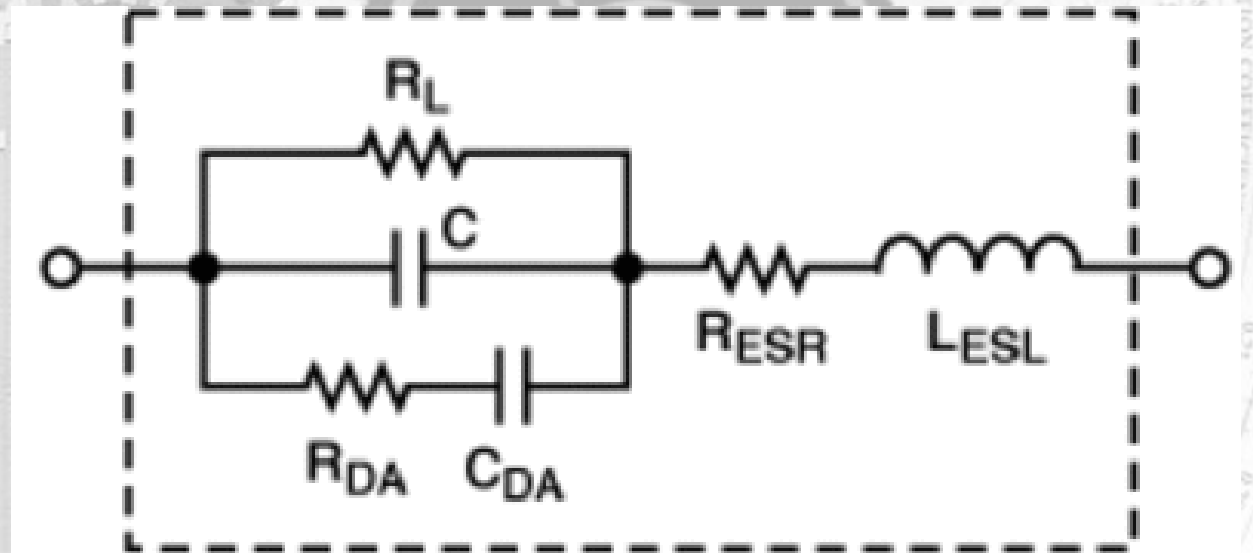
Capacitive Reactance

- Capacitive Reactance
 - Stores energy
 - Therefore...has no power rating except parasitic.
 - Does not dissipate or consume energy
- But its reactance does block AC current flow
 - Reactance (X_c) measured in Ohms
- Dependent on frequency
 - At freq=DC is like an open— $X_c = \text{infinity}$
 - At freq=infinity— $X_c = 0$



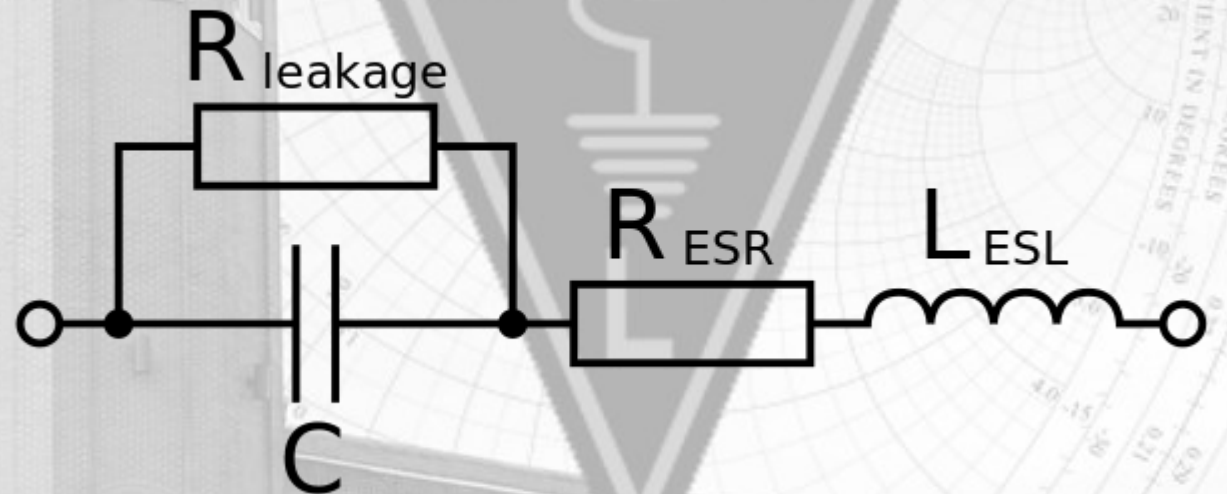
Capacitor at and Beyond Resonance

- Capacitors have parasitics
 - Inductance
 - Resistance
 - Series
 - Parallel
- Recall
 - X_C goes down with frequency
 - X_L goes UP with frequency
 - Do the two meet somewhere?
 - Is this called... "resonance?"



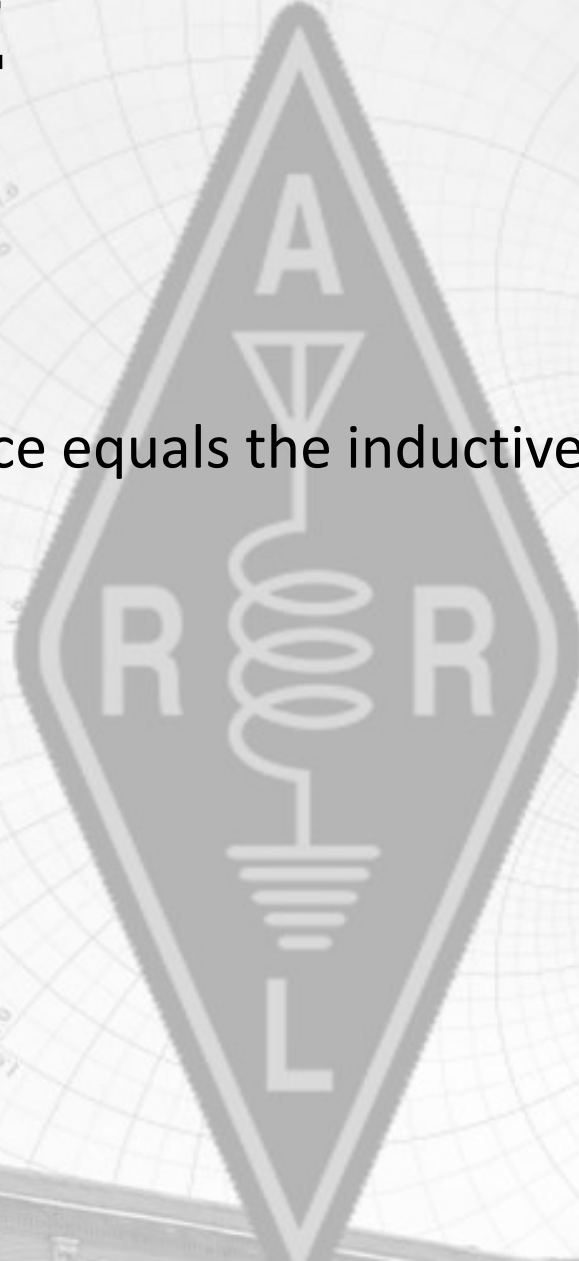
Capacitor at Resonance

- At DC
 - $X_C = \text{infinity}$
 - $X_L = \text{zero}$
- At frequency = infinity
 - $X_C = \text{zero}$
 - $X_L = \text{infinity}$
- What about in between?



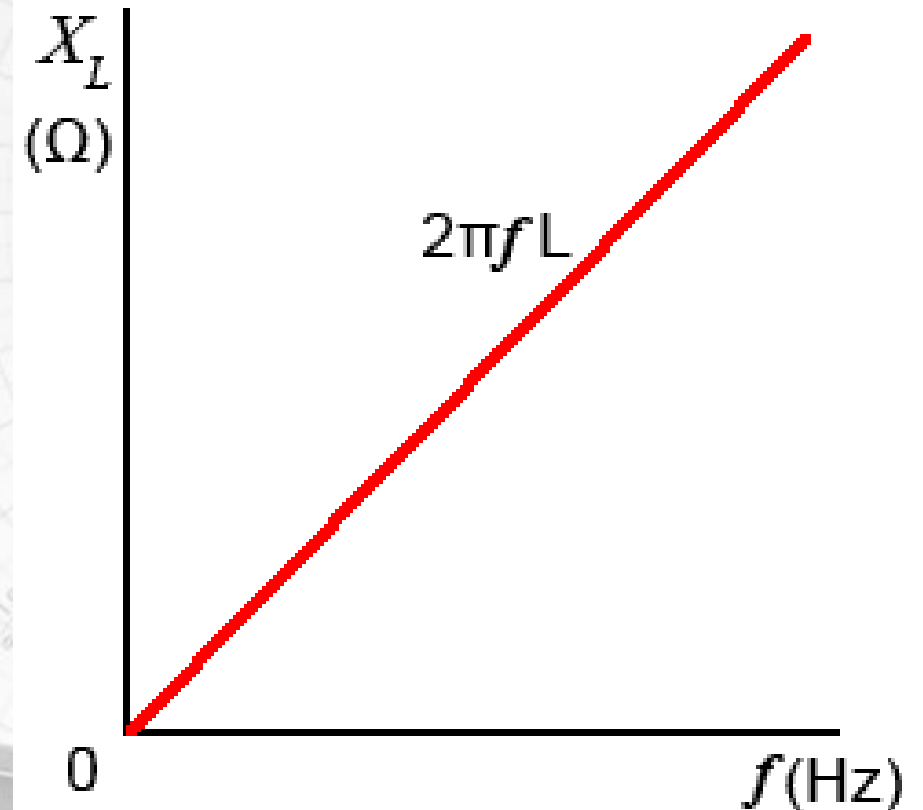
FCC Pool Question E5A02

- What is resonance in an LC or RLC circuit?
- ANSWER:
 - The frequency at which the capacitive reactance equals the inductive reactance.



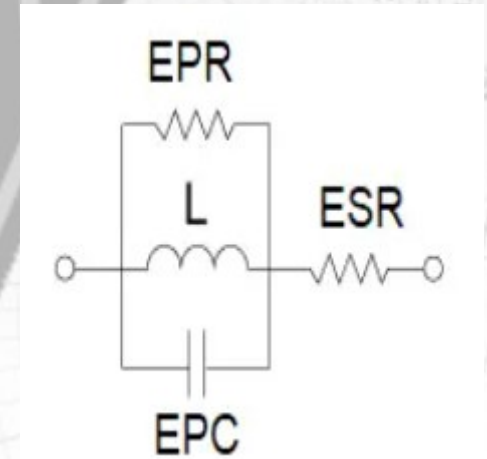
Inductive Reactance

- Inductive Reactance
 - Stores energy
 - Therefore...has no power rating except parasitic.
 - Does not dissipate or consume energy
- But its reactance does block AC current flow
 - Reactance (X_L) measured in Ohms
- Dependent on frequency
 - At freq=DC is like a short— $X_L = 0$
 - At freq=infinity— $X_L = \text{infinity}$



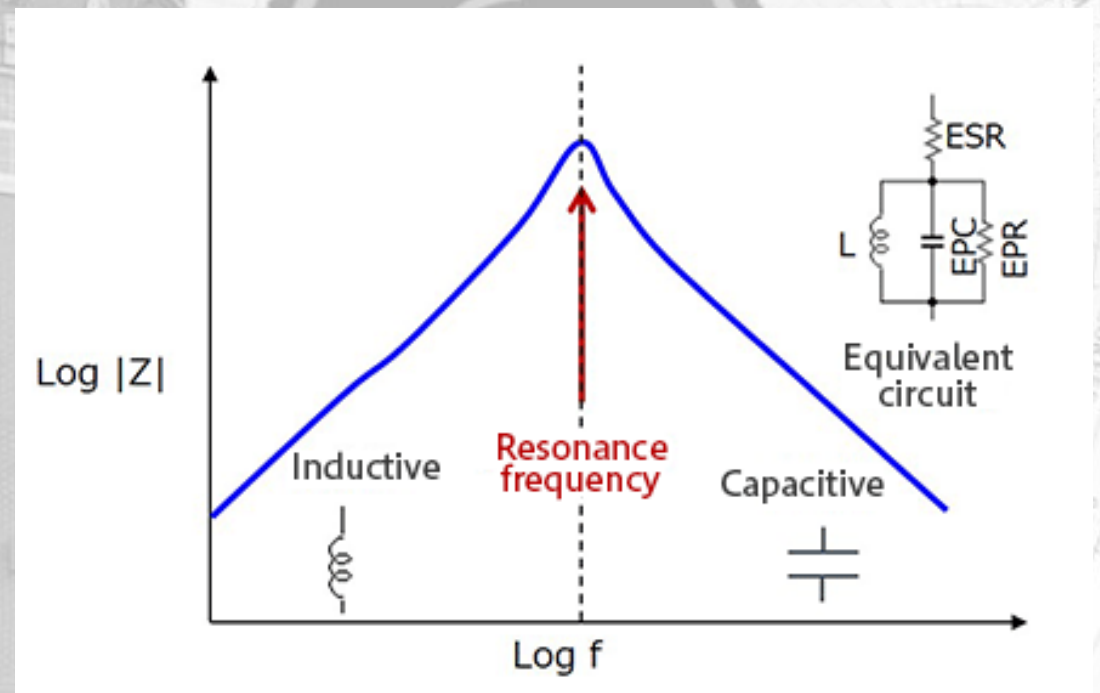
Inductor at and Beyond Resonance

- Inductors have parasitics
 - Capacitance
 - Resistance
 - Series
 - Parallel
- Recall
 - X_C goes down with frequency
 - X_L goes UP with frequency
 - Do the two meet somewhere?
 - Is this called...”resonance?”



Inductor at Resonance

- At DC
 - $X_C = \text{infinity}$
 - $X_L = \text{zero}$
- At frequency = infinity
 - $X_C = \text{zero}$
 - $X_L = \text{infinity}$
- What about in between?



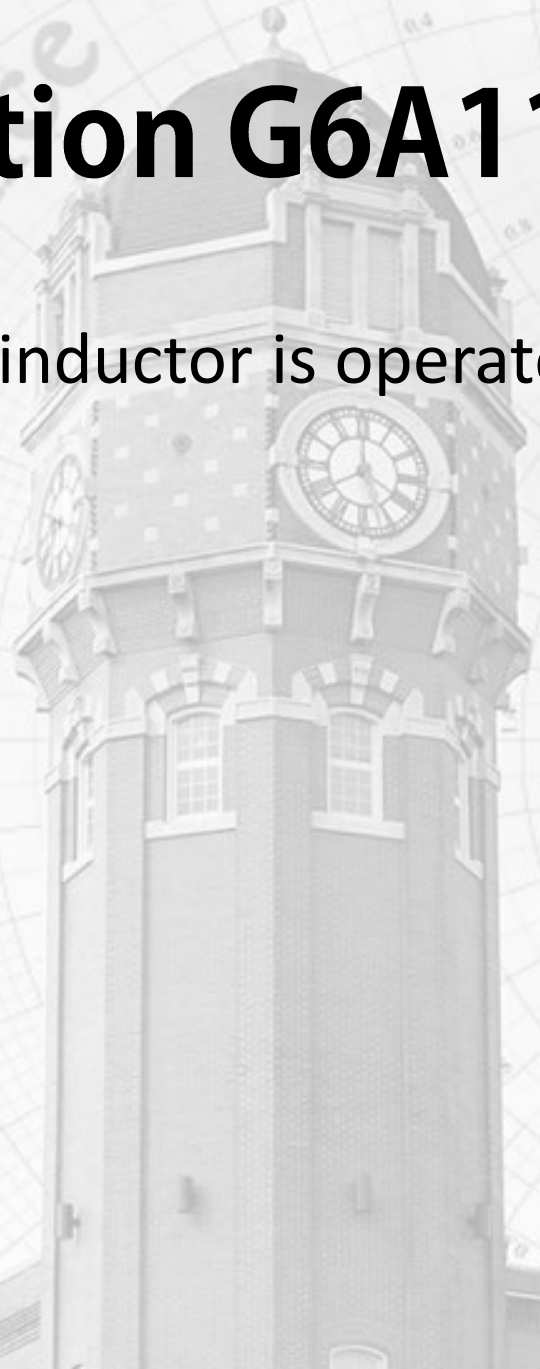
Putting Them Together

- Reactive
 - Stores energy
 - Therefore...has no power rating except parasitic.
 - Does not dissipate or consume energy
 - Has two forms
 - Capacitive
 - Inductive



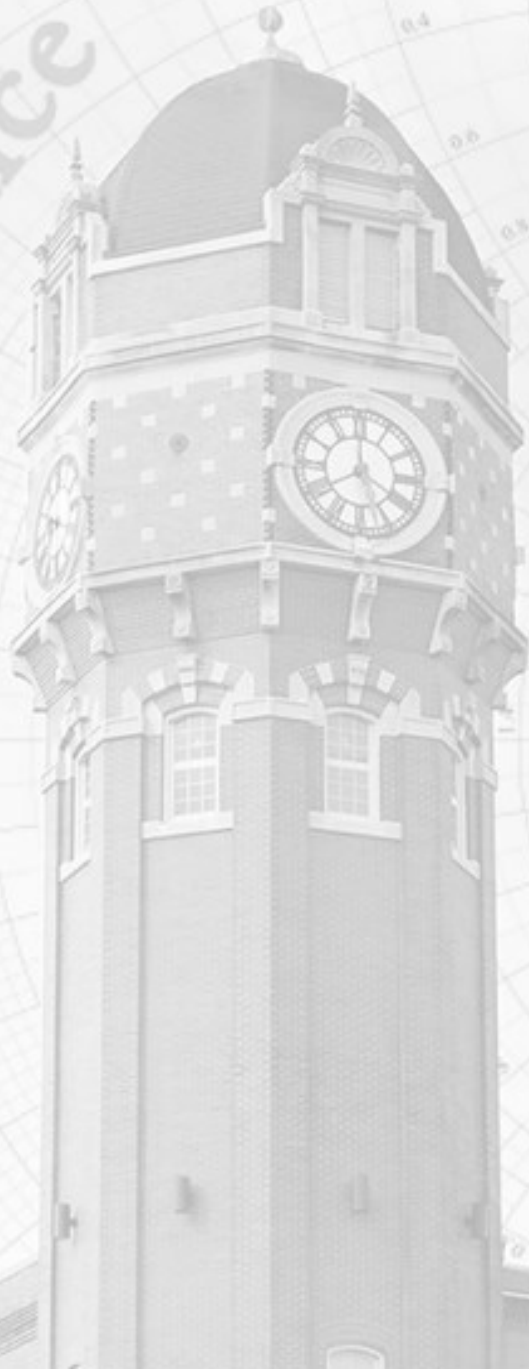
FCC Pool Question G6A11

- What happens when an inductor is operated above its self-resonant frequency?
- ANSWER:
 - It becomes capacitive



Reactive

The Smith Chart
Presented with Elegance



How Do We Represent Them?



The Smith Chart
Presented with Elegance

Questions

*The Smith Chart
Presented with Elegance*

